Qisda Management of Hazardous Substances and Chemicals

Items	Hazardous Substances	Chemical Management
Future Reduction	Target Year: July 21, 2026	Target Year:2029
Targets (Next 3-5 Years)	 Withdrawal of the following hazardous substances Target Value: 5(b) Lead (not intentionally added) in soda lime glass used in the glass tube of fluorescent lamps, not exceeding 0,2 % by weight 6(c) Copper alloy containing up to 4 % lead by weight 7(c)-II Lead in dielectric ceramic in capacitors for a rated voltage of 125 V AC or 250 V DC or higher 13(a) Lead in white glasses used for optical applications for categories 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, and 11; 	Target Value: Starting from 2025, reduce annual usage by 2% each year Target Value: Starting from 2025, reduce annual usage by 2% each year
Reduction of	2022.07.21 Withdrawal of the following hazardous	1. S5 : Stop using lead-free board
Hazardous Substances	substances:	cleaning solution, replace with
or Chemicals in the		ethanol
Past Three Years		2. S3 : Stop using P188 cleaning

	6(b)-II-Lead asan alloying element in aluminium for machining purposes with a lead content up to 0,4 % by weight 2023:NA 2024: NA 2025:NA	agent for MI carrier mask cleaning 3. DQ9: ① Lead-free board cleaning solution reduction ② General ink reduction ③ Complete replacement of oil- based paint - replaced in 2021 ④ S1: Stop using cleaning agents E5611, DCT23, UP1900 by 2025
Actions Taken in the Past Three Years to Reduce Hazardous Substances or Chemicals	Qisda has consulted the ECHA public website to check for "substances nearing expiration and entering/completing evaluation but not yet updated to RoHS regulations," focusing on the clauses related to Qisda to ensure timely implementation. A year before the deadline in the evaluation report, Qisda confirms the implementation of relevant clauses and notifies suppliers through the GPMSA website to make changes to provide compliant parts.	1. S5: Low volatile ethanol replaces highly volatile lead-free board cleaning solution Lead-free board cleaning solution VOC content: 749 (g/L), monthly usage about 500kg.Anhydrous ethanol VOC content: 677 (g/L), monthly usage about 100kg ① Centralized management of maintenance workstation, changing from 1 bottle per station to shared use across

multiple stations 2 Streamlined usage on site, distributed by station, collected after shifts 2. S3: Low VOC cleaning agent replaces high VOC cleaning agent, EC6008 (VOC content 54g/L) replaces P188 (VOC content 108g/L) 3. DQ9: 1) Lead-free board cleaning solution usage reduced by 60% (using dry ice cleaning as a substitute) 2 Ink usage reduced by 80% (using UV ink as a substitute) 3 Paint usage reduced by 100% (using water-based paint as a substitute) - replaced in 20214. 4. S1: Low VOC cleaning agent replaces high VOC cleaning agent ① R700 (VOC content: 49g/L)

		replaces DCT23 (VOC content: 281g/L) and UP1900 (VOC content: 290g/L) ② JB-608 (VOC content: 62.4g/L) replaces E5611 (VOC content: 87g/L)
Collaborations with		
External Units in the	Qisda' s Suppliers	
Past Three Years		
Risk Assessment	Suppliers provide 3rd party lab test reports	Following the Chemical Control
Methods	through the GPMSA website to confirm	Banding (CCB) system, confirm the
	compliance with regulations.	impact of the chemicals used on the
		environment and human health.